VZCZCXRO1622 PP RUEHAG DE RUEHCV #0913 0941212 ZNY CCCCC ZZH P 041212Z APR 06 FM AMEMBASSY CARACAS TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 3931 INFO RUCNMEM/EU MEM COLLECTIVE PRIORITY RUEHBO/AMEMBASSY BOGOTA PRIORITY 6257 RUEHBR/AMEMBASSY BRASILIA PRIORITY 5353 RUEHLP/AMEMBASSY LA PAZ PRIORITY 1863 RUEHPE/AMEMBASSY LIMA PRIORITY 0069 RUEHQT/AMEMBASSY QUITO PRIORITY 1938 RUEHME/AMEMBASSY MEXICO PRIORITY 3667 RUEHOT/AMEMBASSY OTTAWA PRIORITY 0648 RUEHBU/AMEMBASSY BUENOS AIRES PRIORITY 1117 RUEHSG/AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO PRIORITY 3414 RUEHMU/AMEMBASSY MANAGUA PRIORITY 1117 RUEHDG/AMEMBASSY SANTO DOMINGO PRIORITY 0105 RUEHMO/AMEMBASSY MOSCOW PRIORITY 0301 RUEHAO/AMCONSUL CURACAO PRIORITY 0714 RUCNDT/USMISSION USUN NEW YORK PRIORITY 0075 RUEHMI/USOFFICE FRC FT LAUDERDALE PRIORITY 2967 RHEHNSC/NSC WASHDC PRIORITY RUMIAAA/HO USSOUTHCOM MIAMI FL PRIORITY RUEHUB/USINT HAVANA PRIORITY 0615

## CONFIDENTIAL CARACAS 000913

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HQSOUTHCOM ALSO FOR POLAD FOR FRC LAMBERT

E.O. 12958: DECL: 04/04/2026

TAGS: PGOV MASS VE

SUBJECT: BETTER LATE THAN NEVER: RUSSIAN CHOPPERS ARRIVE

IN VENEZUELA

REF: A. 05 BOGOTA 00894

**1**B. 05 BOGOTA 03863

Classified By: POLITICAL COUNSELOR ROBERT R. DOWNES FOR 1.4 (D)

- 11. (U) Venezuelan President Hugo Chavez presided over the formal handover of three Russian MI-17 helicopters to the Venezuelan Army's helicopter battalion in Yaracuy State on April 3. The three aircraft, which arrived in Venezuela unassembled on February 21, are part of a contract Chavez announced he signed with Russia for 10 MI-17s in September 12004. Officials from Russian arms export firm Rosoboronexport had announced the helicopters would arrive in late 2005, but the press reported that Venezuelan pilots did not complete their training in Russia until December. According to commander of the army Raul Baduel, Russia will also help the BRV establish a plant to help maintain the helicopters.
- 12. (U) During the ceremony, Chavez blustered that the Pentagon would be on "orange alert" because of the purchase of the three helicopters. Chavez also claimed he would seek Russian fighter planes because of the difficulty Venezuela has had obtaining F-16 parts from the United States. Finally, he announced a total of 15 helicopters—including MI-26 and MI-35 models—would be delivered by the end of 12006. According to the most recent announcements from Venezuelan officials, the BRV hopes to sign two more contracts with Russia to obtain a total of 33 or 35 helicopters. (Embassy Note: Reports of what the two countries are signing have varied widely, probably because the BRV often inks letters of agreement that do not carry legal weight.)
- $\P 3$ . (U) Defense Minister Orlando Maniglia told reporters the MI-17s would be used for patrols, rescue operations, and

forest fires along the Venezuelan border. During the televised handover ceremony, Venezuelan troops showed off their search and rescue training. Notwithstanding Maniglia's stated intention, the military apparently envisions a combat role for the helicopters, as well. Although the MI-17 was designed primarily as a transport helicopter, the three Venezuelan models have been outfitted as gunships. The military also demonstrated how the helicopters could deliver a howitzer.

Comment

14. (C) Chavez' timeline may be overambitious, given Venezuela's track record at procuring arms on schedule. For now, it appears at least that the original MI-17 deal is settled, even if the delivery of the seven remaining units does not transpire right away. The MI-17s probably do not upset the regional balance of power. Venezuela's poorly run armed forces seem incapable thus far of integrating sophisticated equipment into combat. The reality of the threat may not matter, though, as the impact of arms purchases will depend in part on the perception of the Colombian military (REFTELS).

BROWNFIELD